MEDICATION COVERAGE POLICY Health Plan Mountain Valley





THARMACI AND THERAT EUTICS ADVISORT COMMITTEE				
POLICY:	Migraine Therapy	P&T DATE:	9/10/2024	
CLASS:	Neurological Disorders	REVIEW HISTORY	9/23, 9/22, 12/20 12/19, 12/18,	
LOB:	MCL	(MONTH/YEAR)	9/17, 12/16, 9/15, 2/15, 2/10,	
			5/07	

This policy has been developed through review of medical literature, consideration of medical necessity, generally accepted medical practice standards, and approved by the Health Plan Pharmacy and Therapeutic Advisory Committee.

Effective 1/1/2022, the Pharmacy Benefit is regulated by Medi-Cal Rx. Please visit https://medicalrx.dhcs.ca.gov/home/ for portal access, formulary details, pharmacy network information, and updates to the pharmacy benefit.

All medical claims require that an NDC is also submitted with the claim. If a physician administered medication has a specific assigned CPT code, that code must be billed with the correlating NDC. If there is not a specific CPT code available for a physician administered medication, the use of unclassified CPT codes is appropriate when billed with the correlating NDC.

OVERVIEW

Migraine is a common disorder that can be debilitating for individuals suffering frequent attacks. While there is no cure for migraines, abortive agents are useful in relieving acute migraine attacks and the American Headache Society (AHS) and the American Academy of Neurology (AAN) have developed recommendations for pharmacotherapy options for migraine preventive therapies. This review will examine the management guidelines of migraines and the currently available anti-migraine agents and their coverage criteria.

Table 1: Available Anti-Migraine Agents (Current as of 8/2024)

ABORTIVE AGENTS						
CPT Code	Generic Name (Brand Name)	Available Strengths	Pharmacy Benefit	Medical Benefit (Restrictions)		
	SEROTONIN AGONISTS					
	Rizatriptan (Maxalt)	Tablet: 5 mg, 10 mg, ODT tablet: 5 mg, 10 mg	Yes	No		
J3030	Sumatriptan (Imitrex, Zembrace Symtouch, Onzetra Xsail, Sumavel DosePro)	25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, tablet Nasal spray: 5 mg/act , 20 mg/act, 4 mg/0.5 ml Injection: 6 mg/0.5 ml Injection, Nasal powder: 11 mg	Yes	Yes, for injections only		
	Naratriptan (Amerge)	Tablet: 1 mg, 2.5 mg	Yes	No		
	Zolmitriptan (Zomig)	Tablet: 2.5 mg, 5 mg, 5 mg ODT	Yes	No		
	Almotriptan (Axert)	Tablet: 6.25 mg	Yes	No		
	Eletriptan (Relpax)	Tablet: 20 mg, 40 mg	Yes	No.		

	Frovatriptan (Frova)	Tablet: 2.5mg	Yes	No	
	Calcitonin Gene-Related Peptide (CGRP) Receptor Antagonist				
	Rimegepant (Nurtec ODT)	Tablet, orally-disintegrating: 75 mg	Yes	No	
	Ubrogepant (Ubrelvy)	Tablet: 50 mg, 100 mg	Yes	No	
	Zavegepant (Zavzpret)	Solution, Nasal: 10 mg/actuation (1 ea, 6 ea)	Yes	No	
	H3L-ANALGESIC	NON-SALICYLATE,BARBITURATE,XANTHINE CO	MBINATION		
	Butalbital/Acetaminophen/ Caffeine (Fioricet)	Capsules	Yes	No	
	Butalbital/Acetaminophen/ Caffeine (Esgic, Alagesic LQ, Vanatol LQ)	50 mg/325 mg/ 40mg Capsules, tablets, liquid	Yes	No	
	H3M-NARCO	OTIC,NON-SALICY.ANALGESIC,BARBITURATE,XA	NTHINE		
	Butalbital/Acetaminophen/ Caffeine/Codeine	50 mg/300 mg/ 40 mg/30 mg Capsule	Yes	No	
	Butalbital/Acetaminophen/ Caffeine/Codeine	50 mg/325 mg/ 40 mg/30 mg Capsule	Yes	No	
H3O-ANALGESIC, SALICYLATE, BARBITURATE,& XANTHINE CMB					
	Butalbital/Aspirin/Caffeine (Fiorinal)	50 mg/325 mg/40 mg Capsule	Yes	No	
H3R-NARCOTIC AND SALICYLATE ANALGESIC, BARBITURATE & XANTHINE COMBINATION					
	Butalbital/Aspirin/Caffeine/ Codeine (Fiorinal with Codeine)	50 mg/325 mg/40 mg/ 30mg capsule	Yes	No	
ERGOT ALKALOIDS/ OTHER					
	Ergotamine Tartrate/Caffeine (Cafergot)	1 mg/100 mg Tablets, 2 mg/100 mg Suppository	Yes	No	
	Ergotamine Tartrate (Ergomar)	Tablet: 2 mg SL	Yes	No	
	Isometheptene/ Dichloralphen/ Acetaminophen	Capsule: 65 mg/100 mg/ 325 mg	Yes	No	

	Dihydroergotamine (Trudhesa)	Aerosol solution: 0.725 mg/ACT Solution: 1 mg/mL, 4 mg/mL	Yes	No	
PROPHYLACTIC AGENTS					
CPT code	GENERIC NAME (BRAND NAME)	Dosage forms	Pharmacy Benefit	Medical Benefit (restrictions)	
		MIGRAINE-PREVENTIVE AGENTS			
	Amitriptyline	Tablet: 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 75 mg, 100 mg, 150 mg (usual range: 25-150 mg per day)	Yes	No	
	Atenolol	Tablet: 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg (usual range 100 mg per day)	Yes	No	
	Divalproex/Valproic Acid	Oral capsules, solutions, tablets: 125 mg, 250 mg, 500 mg (usual range 400-1,000 mg per day)	Yes	No	
	Metoprolol Tartrate	Tablet, capsules, solution: 25 mg, 50 mg, 75 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg (usual range 47.5-200 mg per day)	Yes	No	
	Propranolol	Capsule, tablets: 10 mg, 20 mg, 40 mg, 60 mg, 80 mg, 120 mg, 160 mg (usual range 120-240 mg per day)	Yes	No	
	Timolol	Tablets: 5 mg, 10 mg, 20 mg (usual range 10-30 mg per day)	Yes	No	
	Topiramate	Oral capsule, tablets, solution: 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg (usual range 25-200 mg per day)	Yes	No	
	Venlafaxine	Tablets: 37.5 mg, 75 mg, 150 mg, 225 mg (usual range 150 mg per day)	Yes	No	
J0585	OnabotulinumtoxinA Injection (Botox)	100 units, 200 units vials	Yes	Yes (PA, QL)	
	Erenumab-aooe Auto-Injector (Aimovig)	Auto-injector: 70 mg/1 ml, 140 mg/ml	Yes	No	
J3031	Fremanezumab (Ajovy)	Solution Auto-injector, Prefilled Syringe: 225 mg/1.5 ml	Yes	No	
	Galcanezumab (Emgality)	Auto-injector, Prefilled Syringe: 100 mg/mL 120 mg/ml	Yes	No	
J3032	Eptinezumab-jjmr (Vyepti)	100 mg/mL vial	Yes	Yes (PA, QL)	
Calcitonin Gene-Related Peptide (CGRP) Receptor Antagonist					
	Atogepant (Quilpta)	Tablet: 10 mg, 30 mg, 60 mg	Yes	No	
	Rimegepant (Nurtec ODT)	Tablet, orally-disintegrating: 75 mg	Yes	No	
PREVENTIVE AGENTS W/ NSAIDS					
	Ibuprofen	Tablets, capsules, solution: 100 mg, 200 mg, 600 mg, 800 mg (usual range: 200 mg twice daily)	Yes	No	
	Naproxen	Tablets, suspension: 125 mg, 250 mg, 375 mg, 500 mg (usual range 500-1,000 mg per day)	Yes	No	
PA = Prior Authorization Required; QL = Quantity Limit					

EVALUATION CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL/EXCEPTION CONSIDERATION

Below are the coverage criteria and required information for each agent. These coverage criteria have been reviewed approved by the Health Plan Pharmacy & Therapeutics (P&T) Advisory Committee. For conditions not covered under this Coverage Policy, Health Plan will make the determination based on Medical Necessity as described in Health Plan Medical Review Guidelines (UM06).

Serotonin Agonists			
Sumati	riptan Injection		
	Coverage Criteria: None		
	Limits: None		

Migraine Prophylactic Agents

OnabotulinumtoxinA (Botox) Injection

- ☐ **Coverage Criteria**: ALL of the following must be met:
 - [A] For patients age 18 years or older
 - [B] Must be prescribed by a Neurologist
 - [C] **ALL** of the following criteria must be met:
 - $(1) \ge 15$ or more days per month for ≥ 3 months
 - (2) \geq 4 hours a day or longer duration, as indicated by 5 or more attacks with **ALL** of the following:
 - (a) Headache symptoms, as indicated by 2 or more of the following: *Aggravation by or causing avoidance of routine physical activity, or *Moderate or severe pain intensity, or *Pulsating quality, or *Unilateral location
 - (b) Migraine-associated symptoms, as indicated by 1 or more of the following: *Nausea or vomiting, or *Photophobia and phonophobia
 - (c) Other potential causes of headaches have been excluded
 - (3) No neuromuscular disease (eg, myasthenia gravis)

☐ **Limits:** 1 injection (up to 200 units) per 3 months (12 weeks)

- ☐ Required Information for Approval: Clinical documentation and chart notes indicating all of the criteria listed above are met.
- □ Other Notes: None

Eptinezumab (Vyepti) Solution

- Coverage Criteria: PA required. Reserved for patients who have failed 6 months of therapy with Botox, Atogepant (Qulipta), prophylactic-dosed Rimegepant (Nurtec), Erenumab (Aimovig), Fremanezumab (Ajovy), or Galcanezumab (Emgality) and are 18 years of age or older. Must be prescribed by a Neurologist.
- # **Limits:** One infusion per 3 months.
- **Required Information for Approval:** Clinical documentation, chart notes, and pharmacy fill history indicating all of the criteria listed above are met.
- **Other Notes:** None

CLINICAL JUSTIFICATION

Frequent migraine attacks are not only disabling and lead to a poor quality of life, but frequent use of abortive therapies can lead to chronic migraines. For this reason, patients experiencing more than 2 headaches per month¹ or patients with headaches lasting more than 2 days duration are candidates for migraine prophylaxis.²,³ The 2012 AHS/AAN Guidelines recommend the following medications as migraine prophylaxis therapies: divalproex/valproic acid, metoprolol, propranolol, and topiramate.⁴ 2013 AHS/AAN Guideline updates include timolol as one of the agents for migraine prevention.¹6 NSAID use for migraine prevention has shown modest to significant benefit—particularly for naproxen and ibuprofen.⁵ The time it takes to observe the therapeutic benefits of migraine prophylaxis varies between individuals, so international guidelines suggest a minimum of a two to three month trial.6

In regards to abortive therapies, serotonin agonists are similar in migraine relief but some are faster-acting than others. Sumatriptan formulations are the fastest-acting. Almotriptan, Eletriptan, Rizatriptan, and Zolmitriptan are intermediate-acting while Frovatriptan and Naratriptan have the slowest onset. Frovatriptan costs 3 times more than Naratriptan tablets per fill. With similar onset times and a limited cost-benefit ratio, Frovatriptan will remain non-formulary. Sumatriptan injections are marketed to have the fastest onset (10 minutes vs <30 minutes for sumatriptan tablets). However, its cost-benefit ratio is not cost-effective since sumatriptan injections cost approximately 10 times more than Sumatriptan tablets. For this reason, sumatriptan injections are non-formulary. Zembrace (Sumatriptan SQ injections) comes in a 3mg/0.5 mL pre-filled auto-injector that can have a maximum daily dose of 12 mg, equating to a cost of almost 90 times more than Sumatriptan tablets.⁷

Sumatriptan nasal spray is currently on formulary for patients who have a documented inability to use tablets/capsules (including ODT). This allows for an alternate formulation besides oral agents for acute migraine therapy. Onzetra Xsail is a new formulation of Sumatriptan that also acts via the nasal passageway but is administered via first piercing one of the 11 mg nosepieces to release Sumatriptan from the capsule, followed by attaching both nosepieces from the device body into each nostril so it makes a tight seal, then rotating the whole device so the mouthpiece could be placed into the mouth, and finally having the patient forcefully blow through the mouthpiece to deliver the Sumatriptan powder into the nasal cavity. The patient would then need to repeat all the above steps a second time to obtain a total recommended dose of 22 mg per administration.

In the 2019 American Headache Society consensus statement, CGRP inhibitors are a suitable option for the prevention of migraines and were listed to be tried after an inability to tolerate or inadequate response with other agents (including onabotulinumtoxinA). ³⁴

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REVIEW & EDIT HISTORY

Document Changes	Reference	Date	P&T Chairman
Creation of Policy	Topiramate review 5-07.doc	5/2007	Allen Shek, PharmD
Updated Policy	Triptan_utilization_review_2-16-10.docx	2/2010	Allen Shek, PharmD
Updated Policy	Opioid Coverage Policy 2015-02-17.docx	2/2015	Jonathan Szkotak, PharmD
Updated Policy	HPSJ Coverage Policy – Neurologic – Migraines 2015-02.docx	2/2015	Jonathan Szkotak, PharmD
Updated Policy	HPSJ Coverage Policy – Neurologic – Migraines 2015-09.docx	9/2015	Johnathan Yeh, PharmD
Updated Policy	HPSJ Coverage Policy – Neurologic – Migraines 2016-12.docx	12/2016	Johnathan Yeh, PharmD
Updated Policy	HPSJ Coverage Policy – Neurologic – Migraines 2017-09.docx	9/2017	Johnathan Yeh, PharmD
Updated Policy	HPSJ Coverage Policy – Neurologic – Migraines 2018-12.docx	12/2018	Matthew Garrett, PharmD
Updated Policy	HPSJ Coverage Policy – Neurologic – Migraines 2019-12.docx	12/2019	Matthew Garrett, PharmD
Updated Policy	HPSJ Coverage Policy – Neurologic – Migraines 2020-12.docx	12/2020	Matthew Garrett, PharmD
Updated Policy	Migraines	12/2021	Matthew Garrett, PharmD
Update to Policy	Migraines	11/2022	Matthew Garrett, PharmD
Update to Policy	Migraines	09/2023	Matthew Garrett, PharmD
Update to Policy	Migraines	09/2024	Matthew Garrett, PharmD

Note: All changes are approved by the Health Plan P&T Committee before incorporation into the utilization policy